Annex 4

Development and Infrastructure - Service Risk Register 2018/19

Operational Risks

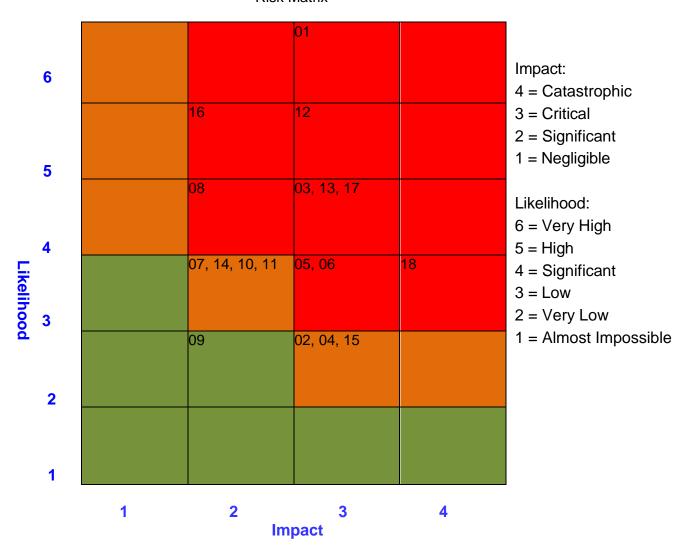
Cluster	Risk ID Number	Owner
Financial	3	Head of Infrastructure and Strategic Projects
Financial	13, 14, 15, 16	Executive Director of Development and Infrastructure
Staffing	5, 15, 16	Executive Director of Development and Infrastructure
Economic Recovery and Sustainability	2	Head of Marine Services, Engineering and Transportation
Economic Recovery and Sustainability	7	Executive Director of Development and Infrastructure
Economic Recovery and Sustainability	6	Executive Director of Development and Infrastructure
Political		
Partnerships		
Governance		
Communication		

TOTAL NUMBER OF OPERATIONAL RISKS ON REGISTER = 9 Strategic Risks

Cluster	Risk ID Number	Owner
Financial	12	Head of Marine Services, Engineering and Transportation
Financial	11	Head of Planning, Development and Regulatory Services
Financial	17, 18	Executive Director of Development and Infrastructure
Staffing		
Economic Recovery and Sustainability	1	Head of Planning, Development and Regulatory Services
Political		
Partnerships	4	Head of Planning, Development and Regulatory Services
Governance		
Communication		

TOTAL NUMBER OF STRATEGIC RISKS ON REGISTER = 9

Risk Matrix



JUNE 2017

Risk Title	Likeli- hood	Impact	RAG		Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
01 – EU policy reforms.	6.	3.	Red.	18.		BREXIT presents an as yet unknown risk to existing, established Policy and support for a range of sectors in Orkney.	change across a range of sectors for	landscape; reduced fishing effort; loss of employment in key economic sectors. Lack of capital investment funds.	

Risk Title	Likeli- hood	Impact	RAG		Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
02 - Airfield closure or non- conformity.	2.	3.	Amber.	6.		plans in place to ensure delivery of training and exercises take place. The Council may not have sufficient funds to sustain assets, replace ageing assets and develop key assets. Difficulty of staff recruitment in some areas.	Failure to carry out training of staff. Insufficient resilience of staff – singleton posts. Changed standards for runways, facilities and equipment. Material deterioration of runways. Shortage of staff to muster fire team for any island.	islands of Orkney; Airfields deteriorate; plan/vehicles deteriorate; scarce resources; reputational risk to Council; closure of islands airfields.	02.1 – Improved training and exercise programme. 02.2 – Plant and vehicle replacement programme. 02.3 - Recruitment drive for new employees and review of terms and conditions. 02.4 - Airfield inspection and maintenance programme and introduction of Airfields Strategy. 02.5 – Delivery of the Airfields investment plans for runways, buildings and plant.

Risk Title	Likeli- hood	Impact	RAG		Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
03 – Affordability of Waste collection and disposal.	4.	3.	Red.	12.		The Council may fail to deliver the AWC (Alternate Weekly Collection) service to the outer islands in Orkney. The risks are all in context of significant service cuts of circa £65k per annum against current deficit in excess of £200k. There is also an additional focus in the new Council Plan on new activities e.g. plastics.	The Council fails in the delivery of this service to the outer islands in Orkney.	Council will not be able to close the gap towards meeting the Government targets for recycling 70% by 2020.	particular AWC

Risk Title	Likeli-Impa hood	ctRAG	Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
				Loss of income generated through the sale of recyclates due to changes in international markets which leads to additional storage costs.			03.2 – Secure strategy support officer for awareness raising and targeting. 03.3 – Chinglebraes Replacement Project. Interim maintenance is within the 2016/17 capital replacement programme. Permanent replacement solution in development for2021/22 going forward for CPA consideration in 2016/17. 03.4 – Renegotiations with Shetland on disposal cost to disposal cost to increase certainty of expenditure.

Risk Title	Likeli- hood	Impact			Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
04 – Public health and safety protection.	2.	3.	Amber.	6.		staffing resources to be	or other public heath disease outbreak.	immediate impact on individuals, families, friends and staff members involved in the incident; possible legal proceedings and associated costs; community resources unable to cope with scale of events; Council's reputation at risk.	04.1 – Regular Review and scrutiny of operational plans. 04.2 – Effective partnership working with NHSO. 04.3 – D& I Protocol for dealing with major Public Health & Safety incidents. 04.4 Staffing establishment – full complement of competent officers (qualified, trained, experienced and appropriately authorised). 04.5 Port Health – Maintain training programme with National Health Service Orkney. Up-date to go to MOWG before the end of 2018.

Risk Title	Likeli-	Impact	RAG	Curren	tTarget	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
	hood	-		risk	risk			•	
									04.6 – Agreement in place with NHSO to undertake annual update to the Port Health Guide and to meet every February to discuss and agree.
05 – Workforce Planning.	3.	3.	Red.	9.	6.	The Council may have insufficient training plans in place and ERDs (employee review development) not carried out regularly. Lack of proper training Including career grade plans/ apprenticeships will impact on the Service in the future. Workforce Plans were approved through Committee in March 2017.	not have fully trained staff, in the right place, at the right time, to deliver set priorities and/or statutory functions.	workforce. Existing workforce becomes demoralised; service standards drop; an increased risk of noncompliance with changes in legislation,	05.1 – Appropriate systems in place to measure competency and ensure training and people development is undertaken as required. With a particular focus on statutory services. 05.2 – Workforce Plans implemented within teams.

Risk Title	Likeli- hood	Impact	RAG	Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
06 – Project delay or failure.		3.	Red.	9.	The risk of insufficient financial and/or staff resources, to meet current and future demand, makes it difficult for the Council to realise its priorities.	element fails and no replacement is ready, e.g. through long term illness or a mechanical failure. Industrial action. Aircraft failure.	existing workforce becomes overstretched and demoralised; lack of people to take appropriate decisions or actions; 24/7 service compromised. Council's reputation at risk; extended times to repair; no resilience to cover	setting and most efficien use of existing resources. 06.2 – Establish additional project

Risk Title	Likeli- hood	Impact	RAG	Current risk	Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
07 – Higher fuel costs.		2.	Amber		6.	The Council faces challenges because of the volatility of fuel costs. The running costs for plant and vehicles, aircraft, buses, ferries, tugs, etc is directly affected by the cost of fuel. This is particularly challenging for contracted services where the Council is obliged to honor agreements.	large increase in fuel costs.	increased costs could mean a reduced service. Ferries: increased costs means a reduced service. Bus routes may become nonviable. Air Public Service Obligation – Council carries 95% of fuel risk – may become nonviable. Council calls on contingency and/or contingency reserve for fuel ties in funds which may or may not be required. Tugs: minimise use.	levy has been used in past to recoup money for ferry and tug operation. 07.2 – Incentives for cheaper supplies. 07.3 - Encourage lower fuel usage; contingency. Migration to low energy vehicles and other alternative fuels. 07.4 - Fuel cost risk held by bus operators.

Risk Title		Impact	RAG			Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
	hood			_	risk				
08 – Continued lack of Scottish Government support for costs of concessionary travel on ferries.	4.	2.	Red.	8.		have sufficient funds for dealing with concessions on Ferries,	Government proportion of grant/	Vulnerable people left without ability to meet basic needs; budgets inadequate due to reduction in government support.	08.1 - Outwith Local Authority control – reimbursement of over 60/disabled NEC tax paid by the Scottish Government. 08.2 - STAG Project/Fair Funding activity.
09 – Risk of reduced income from business activities from Quarries Budget overspend due to self-financed strategy which relies on income generation.	2.	2.	Green.	4.		•	Change in local market for quarry goods.	Lack of availability of quarry products for Council projects. D&I self-financed budget strategy leading to over spend.	09.1 - Continue to invest in quarry infrastructure and expansion potential.
10 – Risk of reduced income from business activities from Harbours Budget overspend due to self-financed		2.	Amber	6.		reliant on the oil industry and cruise	The Council fails to identify and exploit new markets /income streams. Cruise ships reduce. Oil revenues worsen.	Failure to provide a comprehensive e 24/7 marine service; reputational risk to Council; dissatisfied service users and elected members; failure to deliver the	10.1 - Development and Marketing of infrastructure and services. 10.2 - New business e.g. Ship to Ship transfer in

Risk Title		Impact	RAG		Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
strategy which relies on income generation.	hood			risk	operations, and to invest surpluses through the Strategic Reserve Fund.		range of services expected. D&I self-financed budget strategy leading to over spend.	Scapa Flow and other oil and gas related activity. 10.3 - Identify and exploit new markets and invest in infrastructure and skilled people.
11 – Insufficient Fee income for Planning and Building Standards.	3.	2.	Amber.	6.	meet current and future demand as there is an over- reliance on highly	economy. This impacts on the level of development activity and in turn impacts on the number of planning	Council cannot manage with insufficient budget; service standards drop; existing workforce becomes overstretched and demoralised; failure to provide a comprehensive e planning service.	11.1 – Promote new development opportunities located within Orkney. 11.2 – Continue to seek baseline funding for core services revenue and capital. 11.3 – Build political contacts through New Council and Scottish Government.

Risk Title	Likeli-	Impact	RAG	Current	Target	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
	hood			risk	risk				
12 – Loss of Service due to lack of funding for Ferry and Terminal Replacement.	5.	3.	Red.	15.		have sufficient funds for Ferry and Terminal		with no replacement – rapid service deterioration. Excessive support costs	12.1 - Contact with Scottish Government STAG (Scottish Transport Appraisal Guidelines) process including beginning discussion on transfer of responsibility. 12.2 - Establish revised funding mechanism for revenue and capital elements of transportation services with Scottish Government.

Risk Title	Likeli-	Impact	RAG	Current	Target	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
	hood				risk	-		-	
13 – Insufficient Operational equipment and infrastructure funding (Capital Replacement Programme).	4.	3.	Red.	12.		sustain assets, replace ageing assets and develop key assets and infrastructure. Essential plant and equipment have to be maintained	maintain or develop its essential assets or infrastructure to provide public	infrastructure deteriorate; services are not delivered; Council's reputation at risk; risk of accident and potential	13.1 – Asset Management planning. 13.2 – Capital programme planning and prioritisation focusing on repairs, renewals and additions that mitigate rising costs through a revised business focussed CPA process and linked to the Asset Management Plan.
14 – Compensation claims arising from Insufficient funding to maintain path and countryside access infrastructure	3.	2.	Amber.	6.			undertaking regular inspections resulting	, ·	14.1 - Comprehensive inspections currently being undertaken. 14.2 – Review of access strategy and action plan

Risk Title	Likeli- hood	Impact	RAG		Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
15 – Accidents and health and safety incidents for operational activity.	2.	3.	Amber	6.		incidents. Particular ´		number of accidents /incidents; loss of productivity; loss of equipment; an increased risk of legal challenges; risk of financial claims and financial penalties.	15.1 - Training programme(s) Reporting Implementing improvements. Work Methods Safety meetings and reviews. Safety Management Systems and Audit. 15.2 – Maintaining a comprehensive schedule of staff and management meetings and culture in relation to Health and Safety matters e.g. quarterly cross service management health and safety meetings, tool box talks etc.

Risk Title	Likeli- hood	Impact	RAG		Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
16 – Operational failure to carry out works and inspections of Council owned properties (including Council Houses).		2.	Red.	10.		business opportunities	agility in Council processes, procedures and legal requirements.	opportunities move elsewhere; initiatives suppressed; buildings remain vacant; speculative investment delayed beyond the point of opportunity; reputational harm.	16.1 – Annual work programme/5 year plan. Statutory requirements and regulations. Regular engagement with Clients. Housing asset management plan. Council asset management plan. 16.2 – Not increasing the asset base for inspection without corresponding increase in funding.
17 – Residual Liability for properties no longer in original use	4.	3.	Red.	12.		The Council is exposed to significant expenditure to remediate sites to appropriate level. Public liability arising from the fact that sites are no longer in active use. Hence not necessarily secure or part of an inspection regime. The alternative is the Council does nothing and is at risk of claim arising from injury etc.	been the case for many years).	penalties. Specialist studies are required. Public health and reputation.	17.1 – Asset Management planning and mitigation. 17.2 Prioritise inspection and immediate remedial action through existing service budgets with corresponding risk of overspend.

Risk Title	_	Impact	RAG		Target risk	Vulnerability	Trigger	Consequences	Mitigating action/s
18 - Affordability of Development and Infrastructure Services and likelihood of reduction in spending on discretionary services.	3	4	Red.	12	4	Political expectation that service levels will not change despite budget reductions. Discretionary services likely to be the focus for reductions in funding.	Budget reductions below baseline service level requirement.	Budget overspend.	18.1 – Ensure full awareness and understanding of consequences through budget setting process. 18.2 – Strong SMT /Change Programme Board approach to budget setting. 18.3 – Follow through budget savings with service changes quickly and resolutely following decisions.